

SILICA & ANTIMONY SELECTIVE HYBRID STRONG BASE ANION BORATE FORM

ResinTech BSM-50 is a borate form antimony and silica selective hybrid gel type 1 strong base anion resin. Hydrated iron oxide is monoatomically dispersed through the polymer, giving the product hybrid properties. The borate form hybrid is able to remove chloride and sulfate in addition to silica, antimony125, and other radionuclides. BSM-50 is stable and is intended for all nuclear applications such as spent fuel pools that contain borated water.

APPLICATIONS

- Antimony Removal
- Silica Removal

TYPICAL PROPERTIES & PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Polymer Matrix	Styrenic Gel
Ionic Form	Borate
Fuctional Group	Iron oxde Hybrid / Trietbyłamine
Physical Form	Spheripal Bads
Particle Size	1530,50 US Mesh (297 - 1190µm)
% < 50 mesh (300μm)	FRAMIC
Minimum Sphericity	95%
Uniformity Coefficient	1.6
Temp Limit AFT NW	250°F (121°C)
Capacity (meq/mL)	1.4
Moisture Retention	35% to 50%
Shipping Weight	50 - 52 lbs/ft³ (801 - 833 g/L)
Color	Black

PACKAGING OPTIONS

- 500 ml samples
- 1 ft³ bags
- 1 ft³ boxes
- 1 ft³ drums
- 7 ft³ drums
- 42 ft³ supersacks



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PRODUCT TECHNICAL DATA



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ANTIMONY REMOVAL

Trace levels of antimony are adsorbed by the iron hybrid material inside ResinTech BSM-50, which in all other respects remains a strong base anion resin. The resin is typically used as the bottom layer of a multilayer exchange tank. Antimony removal reduction is typically around 90% and in recycle applications where the source of antimony has been removed, remaining antomony can be reduced below the limit of detection.





SILICA REMOVAL

ResinTech BSM-50 can be used at moderate pH to remove silica. At a flow rate of 0.5 BV/min, removal efficiency of ninety percent is possible for several hundred bed volumes of throughput. Silica does not dump as the resin exhausts; silica leakage increases gradually but some removal continues for many thousands of additional bed volumes. Even though silica removal is not complete, the lowering of silica helps maintain purity in spent fuel pools and other radwaste systems.

SUGGESTED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Maximum continuous tempera	ature
Borate form	170°F
Minimum bed depth	6 to 12 inches
Maximum pressure loss	25 ps
Operating pH range	4 to 10 SL
Service flow rate	1 to 10 gpm/cu.ft

Note: These guidelines describe average low risk operating conditions. They are not intended to be absolute minimums or maximums. For operation outside these guidelines, contact ResinTech Technical Support



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